## To... (afraid to do) and preposition + -ing (afraid of -ing)

Afraid to (do) and afraid of (do)ing

I am **afraid to do** something = I *don't want* to do it because it is dangerous or the result could be bad. We use **afraid to do** for things we do intentionally:

- A lot of people are **afraid to go** out at night. (= they don't want to go out because it is dangerous so they don't go out)
- He was afraid to tell his parents about the broken window. (= he didn't want to tell them because he knew they would be angry)

I am **afraid** of something **happening** = it is possible that something bad will happen (for example, an accident). We do not use **afraid** of **-ing** for things we do intentionally:

- The path was icy, so we walked very carefully. We were **afraid** of **falling**. (= it was possible that we would fall *not* 'we were afraid to fall')
- I don't like dogs. I'm always afraid of being bitten. (not 'afraid to be bitten')

So, you are afraid to do something because you are afraid of something happening as a result:

- I was afraid to go near the dog because I was afraid of being bitten.
- Interested in (do)ing and interested to (do)

B

I'm interested in doing something = I'm thinking of doing it, I'd like to do it:

• I'm trying to sell my car but nobody is interested in buying it. (not 'to buy')

We use interested to especially with hear/see/know/read/learn. I was interested to hear it = 'I heard it and it was interesting for me':

- I was interested to hear that Diane has got a new job.
- Ask George for his opinion. I would be interested to know what he thinks. (= it would be interesting for me to know)

This structure is the same as surprised to / delighted to... etc. (see Unit 64C):

- I was surprised to hear that Diane has got a new job.
- Sorry to (do) and sorry for (do)ing

We usually say sorry to... to apologise when (or just before) we do something:

• I'm sorry to bother you, but I need to talk to you.

We use sorry to (hear/read etc.) to show sympathy with somebody (see Unit 64C):

I was sorry to hear that Fiona lost her job. (= I was sorry when I heard...)

You can use sorry for (doing something) to apologise for something you did before:

• (I'm) sorry for shouting at you yesterday. (not 'Sorry to shout...')

You can also say:

• (I'm) sorry I shouted at you yesterday.

Note that we say:

D

I want to (do) / I'd like to (do) but
I failed to (do) but
I allowed them to (do) but

to (do) but I prevented them from (do)ing

I'm thinking of (do)ing / I dream of (do)ing

I succeeded in (do)ing

For examples, see Units 53–54 and 61.

## **EXERCISES**

65.1	$R_{i}$	ead the situation and use the words in brackets to write a sentence with afraid.
	1	The streets are unsafe at night.
		(a lot of people / afraid / go / out) A lot of people are afraid to go out.
	2	We walked very carefully along the icy path.
		(we / afraid / fall) We were afraid of falling.
	3	I don't usually carry my passport with me.
		(I / afraid / lose / it)
	4	The sea was very rough.
		(we / afraid / go / swimming)
	5	We rushed to the station.
		(we / afraid / miss / our train)
	6	In the middle of the film there was a particularly horrifying scene.
	-	(we / afraid / look)
	7	The glasses were very full, so Jane carried them very carefully.
		(she / afraid / spill / the drinks)
	8	I didn't like the look of the food on my plate.
		a (I / afraid / eat / it)
		b (I / afraid / make / myself ill)
<b>65.2</b>	C	omplete the sentences using one of these verbs:
	2	ery get go hear read start
		I'm trying to sell my car but nobody is interested in buying it.
		Julia is interestedher own business.
		I was interested
		Bill wants to stay single. He's not interested married.
		You must tell me what you think. I'm always interested your opinion.
		There's a party tonight but I'm not interested
		,,
65.3	C	omplete the sentences using the verb in brackets.
	1	I'm sorry for shouting at you yesterday. (shout)
	2	Sorry you but have you got a pen I could borrow? (disturb)
	3	Sorry late last night. I didn't realise the time. (be)
		I'm sorry what I said yesterday. I didn't really mean it. (say)
	5	'I've just had my exam results. I failed.' 'Oh? I'm sorry that.' (hear)
CE 4	C	
65.4		omplete the sentences using the verb in brackets.
	1	a We wanted to leave the building. (leave)
		b We weren't allowed the building. (leave)
	2	c We were prevented the building. (leave)
	2	a Fred failed the problem. (solve)
	2	b Amy succeeded the problem. (solve)
	3	a I'm thinking away next week. (go)
		b I'm hoping away next week. (go)
		c I'm looking forward
	1	d I'd like
	4	a Mary wanted
		b Mary promised
		c Mary wouldn't draam me a drink. (buy)
		d Mary wouldn't dream me a drink. (buy)